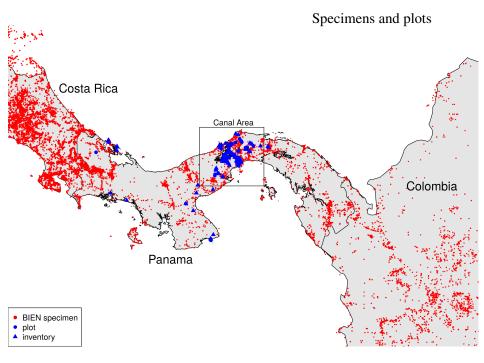
Abundance and range size of Panama's trees Status of rare and common species

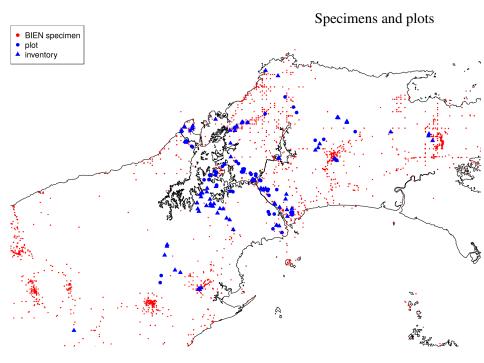
Richard Condit

- · Keller Science Action Center
- · Field Museum of Natural History
- · 25 June 2018

The mission: plot abundance and geographic ranges

| Data | Caveats |
|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Sparse specimen data | Scales do not match |
| Sparse plots | Plots capture few species |
| Species checklists | |





The tree?

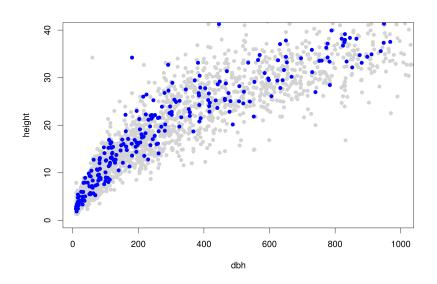
Including species

- sometimes reaching 8 m tall (as trees)
- sometimes reaching \sim 3 m tall or 1 cm dbh (as treelets)
- usually free-standing as reproductive (stranglers included)
- any number of stems (ie clonal or not)

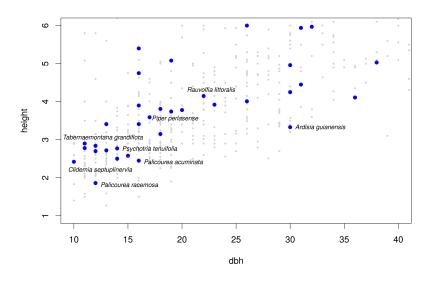
Excluding species

- usually reproducing as lianas
- usually epiphytes
- ▶ shrubs $< \sim 3$ m tall
- · All beg for precise records of many individuals
- · But data either do not exist or are difficult to compile

Height of smallest species in plots



Height of smallest species in plots



Maximum heights from Flora Mesoamericana

Rubiaceae* and Melastomataceae**

| Height | Miconia | Melastomataceae | Rubiaceae*** |
|------------|---------|-----------------|--------------|
| < 3 m | 19 | 93 | 108 |
| 3-5 m | 26 | 60 | 17 |
| 5-8 m | 33 | 58 | 28 |
| \geq 8 m | 51 | 96 | 91 |
| Total | 129 | 307 | 244 |

Epiphytes (eg Hillia) excluded

^{*} Lorence & Taylor (2012)

^{**} Almeda (2009)

^{***} Incomplete (excluding Palicourea, Psychotria)

Maximum heights from Flora Mesoamericana Tree families

| Height | Annonaceae* | Myrtaceae** |
|------------|-------------|-------------|
| < 3 m | 0 | 0 |
| 3-5 m | 1 | 3 |
| 5-8 m | 4 | 11 |
| \geq 8 m | 60 | 28 |
| Total | 65 | 42 |

^{*} Maas et al.

^{**} Landrum, Kawasaki, et al.

Tree Species of Panama

A complete list

2745 species in checklist

- ▶ 141 families
- ▶ 1076 of the species are in our plots (40.6%)

W. D'Arcy (1987)
M. Correa et al. (2004)
Robin Foster

Rolando Pérez

Tree Species of Panama

A complete list

2745 species in checklist

They need thorough vetting since last update 2004 I started consulting recent monographs last year

- ▶ 50 families finished, 1629 species
- ▶ 312 species added, 121 eliminated

W. D'Arcy (1987)

M. Correa et al. (2004)

Robin Foster

Rolando Pérez

Updating tree species

| Family | 1987 | 2004 | 2018 |
|---------------|------|------|------|
| Anacardiaceae | 12 | 12 | 14 |
| Annonaceae | 62 | 78 | 91 |
| Lauraceae | 78 | 107 | 115 |
| Meliaceae | 31 | 27 | 31 |
| Moraceae | 69 | 74 | 72 |
| Myristicaceae | 16 | 18 | 19 |
| Myrtaceae | 51 | 59 | 83 |
| Sapotaceae | 45 | 57 | 54 |

- Paul Maas colleagues and students active on Annonaceae
- ► F. Barrie huge monograph Myrtaceae in 2005
- ▶ Pennington (Sapotaceae, Meliaceae) and Berg (Moraceae)

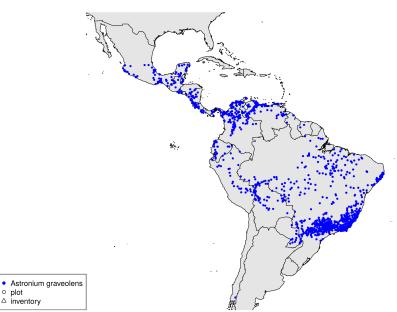
Major BIEN updates: May 2018

o plot △ inventory



Major BIEN updates: May 2018

o plot △ inventory



Narrow-range tree species

1584 species with taxonomy vetted

- ▶ 132 endemic to Panama (8.3%)
- ➤ 234 in one other country (14.7%) (usually Costa Rica, some Colombia and other oddities)
- ► 200 have range < 20,000 km² (12.6%)

| Lauraceae | 13 | 103 | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|-----|--|
| Lecythidaceae | 2 | 31 | |
| Malvaceae | 8 | 73 | |
| Melastomataceae | 21 | 202 | |
| Meliaceae | 1 | 35 | |
| Moraceae | 0 | 72 | |
| Myrtaceae | 20 | 66 | |
| Rubiaceae | 40 | 268 | |
| Sapotaceae | 1 | 53 | |
| Urticaceae | 0 | 39 | |
| Minor* | 14 | 207 | |
| Guttiferae** | 4 | 32 | |
| * 34 small families including Anacardiaceae, Celastraceae, Combretaceae, Fagaceae, Lamiaceae, Rhamnaceae, Symplocaceae ** Calophyllaceae, Clusiaceae, Hypericaceae | | | |

(Rubiaceae not fully vetted)

Proportion endemic to Panama varies among families...

13

10

2

8

Not endemic

79

31

25

233

25

% endemic

14.1

24.4

7.4

3.3

3.8 11.2 6.1 9.9 9.4 2.8 0.0 23.3 13.0 1.9 0.0 6.3 11.1

Endemic

Family

Annonaceae

Araliaceae

Cordiaceae

Lamiaceae

Fabaceae

... likewise proportion with narrow ranges < 20,000 km²

| Family | Narrow | Wide | % narrow |
|-----------------|--------|------|----------|
| Annonaceae | 26 | 65 | 28.6 |
| Araliaceae | 15 | 22 | 40.5 |
| Cordiaceae | 1 | 25 | 3.8 |
| Fabaceae | 12 | 227 | 5.0 |
| Lamiaceae | 0 | 25 | 0.0 |
| Lauraceae | 22 | 91 | 19.5 |
| Lecythidaceae | 2 | 30 | 6.2 |
| Malvaceae | 15 | 64 | 19.0 |
| Melastomataceae | 41 | 178 | 18.7 |
| Meliaceae | 1 | 35 | 2.8 |
| Moraceae | 0 | 72 | 0.0 |
| Myrtaceae | 22 | 63 | 25.9 |
| Rubiaceae | 52 | 248 | 17.3 |
| Sapotaceae | 0 | 53 | 0.0 |
| Urticaceae | 3 | 36 | 7.7 |
| Minor* | 24 | 191 | 11.2 |
| Guttiferae** | 4 | 32 | 11.1 |

^{* 34} small families including Anacardiaceae, Celastraceae, Combretaceae, Fagaceae, Lamiaceae, Rhamnaceae, Symplocaceae ** Calonbyllaceae, Clusiaceae, Hypericaceae

^{**} Calophyllaceae, Clusiaceae, Hypericaceae (Rubiaceae not fully vetted)

Species found in plots

Proportion of all Panama tree species found in our plots...

| Range | | | |
|-------------|----------------|-----------|---------|
| (countries) | Found in plots | Not found | % found |
| 1 | 17 | 141 | 10.8 |
| 2 | 43 | 225 | 16.0 |
| >2 | 474 | 832 | 36.3 |

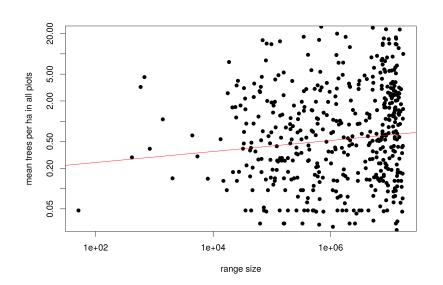
Species found in plots

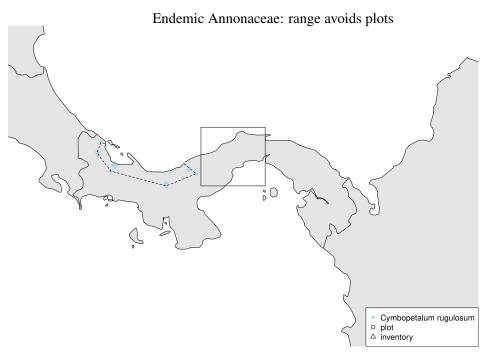
...by range size

| Range (km ²) | Found in plots | Not found | % found |
|--------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------|
| <1e4 | 11 | 158 | 6.5 |
| 1e4-1e5 | 66 | 256 | 20.5 |
| 1e5-1e6 | 136 | 311 | 30.4 |
| >1e6 | 321 | 438 | 42.3 |

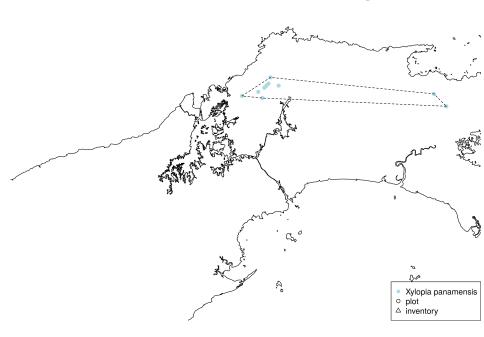
All plot abundance vs. range

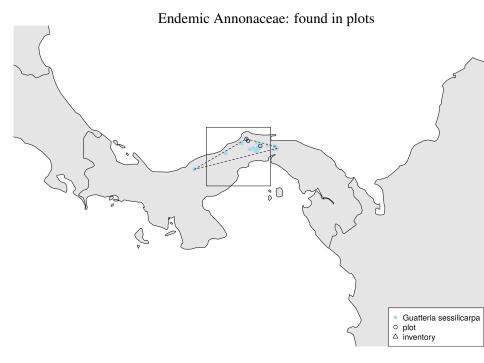
Among 920 in 42 carefully-vetted families



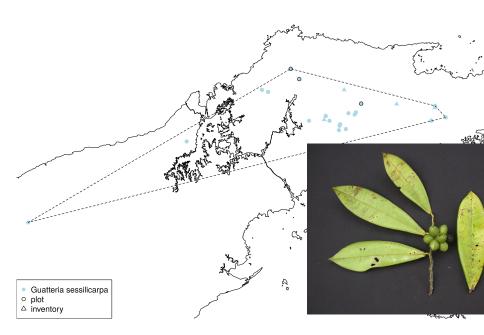


Endemic Annonaceae: not found in plots

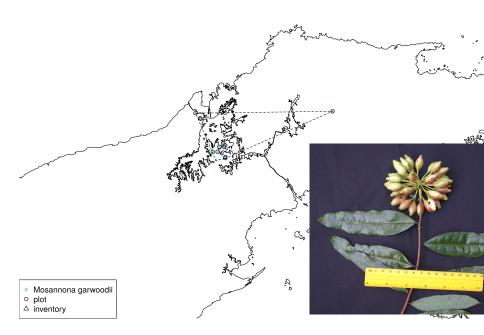




Endemic Annonaceae: found in plots



Endemic Annonaceae: found in plots



Annonaceae most vulnerable

24 Annonaceae endemic to Panama 6 appear in plots allow estimate of density ρ per ha ≥ 1 cm dbh:

Mosannona garwoodii described (1997) from 50-ha plot Numerous in many plots near the Canal in Panama, $\rho=4.4$ Core range 70 km² \sim 30,000 individuals

Annonaceae most vulnerable

24 Annonaceae endemic to Panama 6 appear in plots allow estimate of density ρ per ha ≥ 1 cm dbh:

• Guatteria sessilicarpa

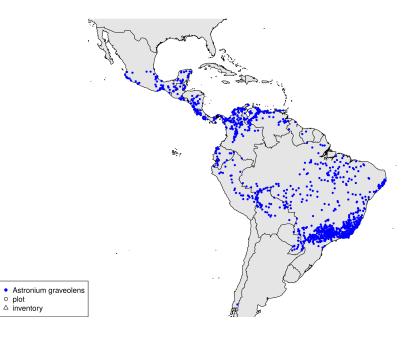
Appears in 3 plots in wet Caribbean forest, $\rho = 0.62$ Abundance over 13,000 km² ~ 794,000 individuals

Annonaceae most vulnerable

24 Annonaceae endemic to Panama 6 appear in plots allow estimate of density ρ per ha ≥ 1 cm dbh:

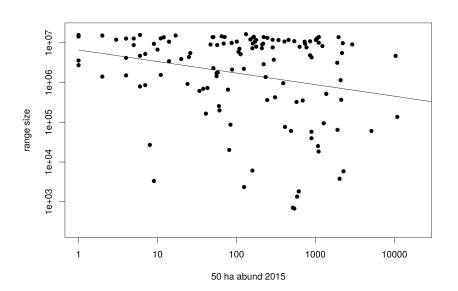
• Guatteria alata

Appears in 1 plot in wet Caribbean forest, $\rho = 0.047$ Abundance over 19,000 km² ~ 88,700 individuals



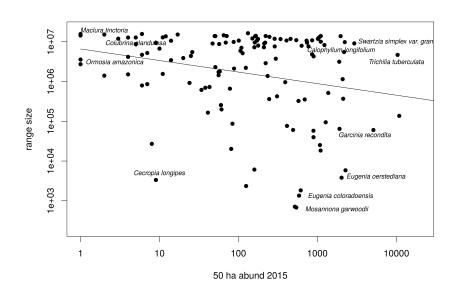
Abundance vs. range

Among 133 species in 42 carefully-vetted families



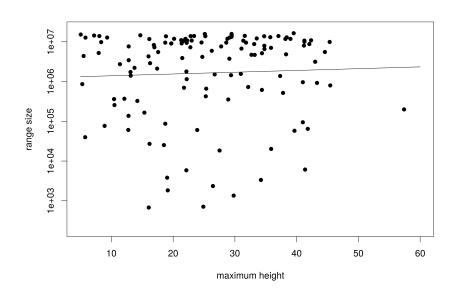
Abundance vs. range

Among 133 species in 42 carefully-vetted families



Species height vs. range

Among 124 species in 42 carefully-vetted families



Conclusions and hypotheses for future work

Checklist and occurrence

- Problems maintaining an updated taxonomy
- Many taxonomists involved in revisions
- All (±) species examined

▶ Plots and the checklist

- In Panama, 40% of known trees appear in plots
- But only 25% of narrow endemics are in plots
- Without thousands of plots, most species will be missed

Range size plus abundance

- Endemic species abundance ~ 0.4 per ha
- Widespread species abundance ~ 1.1 per ha
- No correlation 50-ha abundance and range
- But abundances vary orders of magnitude so predictions for unknown species are poor

Conclusions and hypotheses for future work

Checklist and occurrence

- Problems maintaining an updated taxonomy
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- \pm) species examined

Plots and the checklist

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